

Poem 4 A Thing of Beauty

Q1- What kind of a poet was John Keats?

- A) a Realistic
- B) Religious
- C) Medieval
- D) A romantic

Q2- Who is the poet of A thing Of Beauty?

- A) John Donne
- B) William Blakes
- C) William Wordsworth
- D) John Keats

Q3- From where has this poem A Thing Of Beauty been taken?

- A) From Keats work- Endymion- A poetic Romance
- B) Ode to a Nightingale
- C) Ode on Melancholy
- D) Ode on Indolenc

Q4- Who is Endymion?

- A) a worker
- B) an office boy
- C) a young child
- D) a young shepherd

Q5- Where did the poet and Endymion live?

- A) in a hut
- B) on a hill
- C) in a tree house
- D) on mount Latmos

Q6- Whom did the enchanted youth resolve to seek?

- A) God
- B) nature
- C) mentor
- D) Cynthia-the moon goddess

Q7- What are the things of beauty mentioned in the poem?

- A) Sun and Moon
- B) Young trees and streams
- C) flowers
- D) All these

Q8- Which things cause suffering to human beings?

- A) lack of virtues and inhuman acts
- B) withering flowers
- C) blooming flowers
- D) flowing streams

Q9- What does Endymion do to seek goddess?

- A) dances
- B) sings songs
- C) reads scriptures
- D) wanders through forests

Q10-How is a thing of beauty joy forever?

- A) because it is beautiful
- B) because it is nature
- C) because it is joyful
- D) because its beauty never ends and leaves a lasting impact

Q11- What is the message of the poem?

- A) Beauty never fades
- B) beauty lifts spirits high
- C) beauty is a joy forever
- D) All these

Q12- What does a thing of beauty do for us?

- A) gives hope
- B) gives happiness
- C) removes pain and suffering
- D) All these

Q13- What is the endless fountain and what is its effect?

- A) Moving streams
- B) The Sunlight
- C) A thing of beauty is endless fountain and it gives happiness
- D) None

Q14- What does a thing of beauty is a joy forever mean?

- A) joy is in memory
- B) joy is precious
- C) joy is not sold
- D) it will keep giving happiness for a longer time

Q15- What is Beauty in Keats' opinion?

- A) a suffering
- B) a cause of suffering
- C) a cause of pain
- D) a joy forever

Q16- What is the concept of beauty?

- A) Beauty is a pleasure
- B) beauty is cause of all happiness
- C) beauty is nothing
- D) a quality which always gives happiness

Q17- Do we experience things of beauty only for a short time ?

- A) yes they are short lived
- B) yes beauty is a temporary thing
- C) it never lasts forever
- D) no, they make a lasting impression of happiness

Q18- Who said that a thing of beauty is a joy forever?

- A) John Millet
- B) Christopher
- C) a young shepherd
- D) John Keats

Q19- How does a thing of beauty provide shelter and comfort?

- A) By giving a sense of joy and happiness
- B) by removing pain and suffering
- C) like a bower
- D) All these

Q20- Whose loveliness will keep on increasing?

- A) of rivers
- B) of mountains
- C) of nature
- D) of all beautiful things

Q21- Write the phrase which means 'it is immortal'

- A) it will never fade
- B) it will never pass into nothingness
- C) it will never cease
- D) it will keep giving happiness for a longer time

Q22- What is a bower?

- A) a river
- B) a stream
- C) a big tree
- D) a shady tree

Q23- Why do we need sweet dreams , health and quiet breathing?

- A) to have a healthy mind and body
- B) to have sound sleep
- C) to have peace and happiness
- D) All these

Q24- What are 'mighty dead' in the poem?

- A) dead people
- B) dead relatives
- C) dead plants
- D) great respectable ancestors specially dead emperors

Q25- What is the endless fountain of immortal drink?

- A) rivers
- C) flowing streams
- D) Sunlight
- D) All the things of beauty

Q26- What does 'brink' mean?

- A) roof top
- B) a rocky space
- C) mountain top
- D) an edge at the top

Q27- What does immortal mean?

- A) ever flowing
- B) evergreen
- C) forever beautiful
- D) never ending or endless

Q28- What image does the poet use to convey that beauty is everlasting?

- A) a bower quiet for us
- B) Some shape of beauty
- C) endless fountain of joy
- D) sprouting a shady boon

Q29- What is the effect of immortal drink?

- A) no one is thirsty
- B) everyone is happy
- C) immense joy and happiness
- D) beauty never moves away

Q30- Pick the words from the poem which mean: stories, magnificence.

- A) tales and grandeur
- B) old, and young
- C) green world and clear rills
- D) sweet dreams and health

Q31- What removes pall from our life?

- A) dark spirits
- B) Trees old, and young
- C) all the unhealthy things
- D) Nature's beauty

Q32- What is the meaning of gloomy?

- A) all the unhealthy things
- B) dark spirits
- C) dull and depressive
- D) none

Q33- How does beauty help us when we are grief stricken?

- A) By giving a ray of hope
- B) sprouting a shady boon
- C) by giving daffodils
- D) none

Q34- What does poet mean by Some shape of beauty?

- A) beauty has no shape
- B) beauty is abstract
- C) beautiful object that gives happiness
- D) All

Q35- Which figure of speech is used in the words-Some shape of beauty?

- A) Alliteration
- B) simile
- C) metaphor
- D) all

Q36- Why are our spirits referred as dark?

- A) because of dark clouds
- B) because of spirits around
- C) because of shady trees
- D) because of sadness and disappointments

Q37- What does morrow mean?

- A) morning time
- B) present time
- C) noon time
- D) the next day

Q38- Why do we need a flowery band?

- A) to look beautiful
- B) to smile
- C) to be joyful
- D) to have strength and joy inspite of all sadness

Q39- What is inhuman in life?

- A) human inside a river
- B) human inside caves
- C) human on trees
- D) selfcentred tendency and incapility to rise above shallow circles

Q40- What circumstances make man unhappy?

- A) chilly cold waves on mountains
- B) moisture of flowing rivers
- C) crowded places
- D) tendency of hopelessness

ANSWER KEY

1	D	11	D	21	B	31	D
2	D	12	D	22	D	32	C
3	A	13	C	23	D	33	A
4	D	14	D	24	D	34	C
5	D	15	D	25	D	35	C
6	D	16	D	26	D	36	D
7	D	17	D	27	D	37	D
8	A	18	D	28	C	38	D
9	D	19	D	29	C	39	D
10	D	20	D	30	A	40	D